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ADDENDUM NO. 1 REBID
NEW BASEBALL FIELD RESTROOMS FOR ST. CLAIR COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
Architect Job No. 25-07
June 13, 2025
DCM # 2025293

BIDS DUE:

**Wednesday, June 18, 2025, until
2:00 p.m., local time, held at
St. Clair County Board of Education, Annex
175 College Street
Odenville, AL 35120**

The Plans and Specifications are hereby amended. The following supersedes all contrary and/or conflicting information and is made part of the contract documents.

GENERAL

1. All revisions issued via addendum from the previous bid still pertain to the rebid for this project. The following previously issued information has been attached to this addendum for your convenience:
 - Addendum #1(5/8/2025): **Approved Manufacturer's**, see list below.
 - Addendum #2 (5/9/2025): **Specification Section 03300–Cast In-Place Concrete**, see attached.

SPECIFICATIONS

1. **SECTION 08710 – FINISH HARDWARE:** Add attached in its entirety.

DRAWINGS

1. Sheet **A1** – Revised floor plan.
2. Sheet **A2** – Revised hip detail.

CLARIFICATIONS

1. Reference C1.0: Sod will need to be Bermudagrass. Some acceptable varieties are Tifway, TifSport, Celebration, TifGrand, or Common.
2. Reference P0.1: All plumbing fixtures shall be owner supplied and installed as noted on Sheet A1.

APPROVED MANUFACTURERS

The following manufacturers have submitted data for prior approval and have been approved by our office, **contingent upon the stipulation that their products must meet or exceed the contract specifications.**

Product

15760 Mini Split HP System
15760 Mini Split HP System

Bryant 37 Series Condenser
Bryant 615 Series Air Handler

Manufacturer

Carrier Corporation
Carrier Corporation

1.0 - GENERAL

1.1 Related Documents

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 Summary

- A. This Section includes items known commercially as finish or door hardware that are required for swing, sliding, and folding doors, except special types of unique hardware specified in the same sections as the doors and door frames on which they are installed.
- B. This Section includes the following:
1. Architectural Hinges
 2. Continuous Hinges
 3. Key Control System, Cylinders and Cores.
 4. Locksets, Latchsets and Deadbolts
 5. Panic Devices and Fire Rated Exit Devices
 6. Closers and Door Control Devices
 7. Automatic Door Operators
 8. Overhead Door Stops and Holders
 9. Floor and Wall Stops
 10. Door Bolts and Coordinators
 11. Door Pulls, Push/Pull Plates and Push/Pull Sets
 12. Protective Plates
 13. Door Seals, Gasketing and Weatherstripping
 14. Thresholds
 15. Miscellaneous Door Control Devices
 16. Electromechanical Hardware
 17. Miscellaneous Access Control Components and Security Equipment
- C. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to the following sections.
1. Section 08110: Hollow Metal Doors and Frames
 2. Section 08215: Wood Doors
 3. Section 08420: Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts
 4. Section 08300: Tornado Resistant Opening Systems
 5. Division 16: Electrical
 6. Division 28: Electronic Safety and Security
- D. Products furnished but not installed under this Section to include:
1. Cylinders for locks on entrance doors.
 2. Final replacement cores and keys to be installed by Owner.

1.3 References

- A. Standards of the following as referenced:
1. American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
 2. Door and Hardware Institute (DHI)
 3. Factory Mutual (FM)
 4. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
 5. Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. (UL)
 6. UL 10C - Fire Tests Door Assemblies
 7. Warnock Hersey

- B. Regulatory standards of the following as referenced:
 - 1. Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, *Americans with Disabilities Act*, Public Law 101-336 (ADA).
 - 2. CABO/ANSI A117.1: *Providing Accessibility and Usability for Physically Handicapped People*, 2010 edition.

1.4 Submittals

- A. General: Submit the following in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 1 Specification sections.
- B. Product data including manufacturers' technical product data for each item of door hardware, installation instructions, maintenance of operating parts and finish, and other information necessary to show compliance with requirements. For items other than those scheduled in the "Headings" of Section 3, provide catalog information for the specified items and for those submitted.
- C. Final hardware schedule coordinated with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
 - 1. Final Hardware Schedule Content: Based on hardware indicated, organize schedule into vertical format "hardware sets" indicating complete designations of every item required for each door or opening. Use specification heading numbers with any variations suffixed a, b, etc. Include the following information:
 - a. Type, style, function, size, and finish of each hardware item.
 - b. Name and manufacturer of each item.
 - c. Fastenings and other pertinent information.
 - d. Location of each hardware set cross-referenced to indications on Drawings both on floor plans and in door and frame schedule.
 - e. Explanation of all abbreviations, symbols, and codes contained in schedule.
 - f. Mounting locations for hardware.
 - g. Door and frame sizes and materials.
 - h. Keying information.
 - i. Cross-reference numbers used within schedule deviating from those specified.
 - j. Column 1: State specified item and manufacturer.
 - k. Column 2: State prior approved substituted item and its manufacturer.
 - 2. Furnish complete wiring diagrams, riser diagrams, elevation drawings and operational descriptions of electrical components and systems, listed by opening in the hardware submittals. Elevation drawings shall identify locations of the system components with respect to their placement in the door opening. Operational descriptions shall fully detail how each electrical component will function within the opening, including all conditions of ingress and egress. Provide a copy with each hardware schedule submitted for approval. Supply a copy with delivery of hardware to the jobsite and another copy to the Owner at the time of project completion.
 - 3. Submittal Sequence: Submit final schedule at earliest possible date particularly where acceptance of hardware schedule must precede fabrication of other work that is critical in the Project construction schedule. Include with schedule the product data, samples, shop drawings of other work affected by door hardware, and other information essential to the coordinated review of schedule.
 - 4. Keying Schedule: Submit separate detailed schedule indicating clearly how the Owner's final instructions on keying of locks has been fulfilled.
- D. Provide samples if requested of each type of exposed hardware unit in finish indicated and tagged with full description for coordination with schedule. Submit samples prior to submission of final hardware schedule.

1. Samples will be returned to the supplier. Units that are acceptable and remain undamaged through submittal, review, and field comparison process may, after final check of operation, be incorporated in the Work, within limitations of keying coordination requirements.
- E. Templates for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared for the installation of door hardware. Check shop drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
- F. Contract closeout submittals:
 1. Operation and maintenance data: Complete information for installed door hardware.
 2. Warranty: Completed and executed warranty forms.

1.5 Quality Assurance

- A. Single Source Responsibility: Obtain each type of hardware (latch and locksets, hinges, closers, etc.) from a single manufacturer.
 1. Supplier Qualifications: A recognized architectural door hardware supplier, with warehousing facilities in the Project's vicinity, that has a record of successful in-service performance for supplying door hardware similar in quantity, type, and quality to that indicated for this Project and that employs an experienced Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC) who is available for consultation to Owner, Architect, and Contractor, at reasonable times during the course of the Work.
- B. Coordination Meetings:
 1. Contractor to set up and attend the following:
 - a. Lock distributor to meet with the Owner to finalize lock functions and keying requirements and to obtain final instructions in writing.
 - b. Lock distributor and lock, closer and exit device manufacturer to meet with the installer prior to beginning of installation of door hardware. Instruct installer on proper installation of specified products.
 2. General Contractor to set up and attend the following:
 3. Meet with the Owner, General Contractor, Supplier, electrical and security contractors to coordinate all electrical hardware items. Supplier to provide riser diagrams, elevation drawings, wiring diagrams and operational descriptions as required by the General and sub-contractors.
- C. Fire-Rated Openings: Provide door hardware for fire-rated openings that complies with NFPA Standard No. 80 requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 1. Provide only items of door hardware that are listed and tested by UL or Warnock Hersey for given type/size opening and degree of label. Provide proper latching hardware, door closers, approved-bearing hinges and seals whether listed in the Hardware Schedule or not. All hardware to comply with State and local codes and UL 10C.
 2. Where emergency exit devices are required on fire-rated doors, (with supplementary marking on doors' UL labels indicating "Fire Door to be equipped with Fire Exit Hardware") provide UL label on exit devices indicating "Fire Exit Hardware".
- D. All hardware is to comply with Federal and State Handicap laws.
- E. Substitutions: Request for substitutions of items of hardware other than those listed as "acceptable and approved" shall be made to the architect in writing no later than fourteen (14) days prior to bid opening. Approval of substitutions will only be given in writing or by

Addenda. Requests for substitutions shall be accompanied by samples and/or detailed information for each manufacturer of each product showing design, functions, material thickness and any other pertinent information needed to compare your product with that specified. Lack of this information will result in a refusal.

F. Pre-Installation Coordination:

1. Installation of hardware shall be installed or directly supervised and inspected by a skilled installer certified by the manufacturer of locksets, door closers, and exit devices used on the project, or with not less than 3 years' experience in successful completion of projects similar in size and scope.
2. Schedule a hardware pre-installation meeting on site to review and discuss the installation of continuous hinges, locksets, door closers, exit devices, overhead stops, and electromechanical door hardware.
3. Meeting attendees shall be notified 7 days in advance and shall include: Architect, Contractor, Door Hardware Installers (including low voltage hardware), Manufacturers representatives for above hardware items, and any other effected subcontractors or suppliers.
4. All attendees shall be prepared to distribute installation manuals, hardware schedules, templates, and physical hardware samples.

1.6 Product Handling

- A. Tag each item or package separately with identification related to final hardware schedule and include basic installation instructions with each item or package.
- B. Packaging of door hardware is responsibility of supplier. As material is received by hardware supplier from various manufacturers, sort and repackage in containers clearly marked with appropriate hardware set number to match set numbers of approved hardware schedule. Two or more identical sets may be packed in same container.
- C. Inventory door hardware jointly with representatives of hardware supplier and hardware installer until each is satisfied that count is correct.
- D. Deliver individually packaged door hardware items promptly to place of installation (shop or Project site).
- E. Provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to the Project, but not yet installed. Control handling and installation of hardware items that are not immediately replaceable so that completion of the Work will not be delayed by hardware losses both before and after installation.

1.7 Warranty

- A. Special warranties:
 1. Mortise Locks and Cylinders: Three Year Period
 2. Door Closers: Thirty Year Period
 3. Exit Devices: Three Year Period
 4. Electrified Exit Devices: One Year Period
 5. Automatic Door Operators: Two Year Period

1.8 Maintenance

- A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions that are packed in hardware items for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.
- B. Parts kits: Furnish manufacturers' standard parts kits for locksets, exit devices, and door closers.

2.0 - PRODUCTS

2.1 Manufactured Units

A. Hinges:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Stanley
 - c. McKinney
2. Characteristics:
 - a. Templates: Provide only template-produced units.
 - b. Screws: Provide Phillips flat-head screws complying with the following requirements:
 - 1) For metal doors and frames install machine screws into drilled and tapped holes.
 - 2) For wood doors and frames install threaded-to-the-head wood screws.
 - 3) For fire-rated wood doors install #12 x 1-1/4 inch, threaded-to-the-head steel wood screws.
 - 4) Finish screw heads to match surface of hinges or pivots.
 - c. Hinge pins: Except as otherwise indicated, provide hinge pins as follows:
 - 1) Out-Swing Exterior Doors: Non-removable pins.
 - 2) Out-Swing Corridor Doors with Locks: Non-removable pins.
 - 3) Interior Doors: Non-rising pins.
 - 4) Tips: Flat button and matching plug. Finished to match leaves.
 - d. Size: Size hinges in accordance with specified manufacturer's published recommendations.
 - e. Quantity: Furnish one pair of hinges for all doors up to 5'-0" high. Furnish one hinge for each additional 2-1/2 feet or fraction thereof, unless otherwise specified in Hardware Headings.

B. Geared Continuous Hinges:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Select Products
 - c. Markar
2. Characteristics:
 - a. Continuous gear hinges to be manufactured of extruded 6063-T6 aluminum alloy with anodized finish, or factory painted finish as scheduled.
 - b. All hinges are to be manufactured to template. Uncut hinges to be non-handed and to be a pinless assembly of three interlocking extrusions applied to the full height of the door and frame without mortising.
 - c. Vertical door loads to be carried on chemically lubricated polyacetal thrust bearings. The door and frame leaves to be continually geared together for the entire hinge length and secured with a full cover channel. Hinge to operate to a full 180°.
 - d. Hinges to be milled, anodized and assembled in matching pairs. Fasteners supplied to be steel self-drilling, self-tapping 12-24 x 3/4" screws.
 - e. Provide UL listed continuous hinges at fire doors. Continuous hinges at fire doors (suffix -FR) to meet the required ratings without the use of auxiliary fused pins or studs.

C. Pin and Barrel Continuous Hinges:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*

- b. Select Products
 - c. Markar
- 2. Characteristics:
 - a. Provide pin and barrel continuous hinges conforming to ANSI/BHMA A156.26, Grade 1.
 - b. Provide pin and barrel continuous hinges fabricated from 14 gauge, type 304 stainless steel.
 - c. Provide twin self-lubricated nylon bearings at each hinge knuckle, with 0.25-inch (6 mm) diameter stainless steel pin.
 - d. Provide hinges capable of supporting door weights up to 600 pounds, and successfully tested for 1,500,000 cycles.
 - e. On fire-rated doors, provide pin and barrel continuous hinges that are classified for use on rated doors by testing agency acceptable to authority having jurisdiction.
 - f. Provide pin and barrel continuous hinges with electrified options as scheduled in the hardware sets. Provide with sufficient number and wire gage to accommodate electric function of specified hardware.
 - g. Install hinges with fasteners supplied by manufacturer.
 - h. Provide hinges 1 inch (25 mm) shorter in length than nominal height of door, unless otherwise noted or door details require shorter length and with symmetrical hole pattern.
- D. Cylinders and Keying:
 - 1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Match Existing Schlage Everest 29R Small Format Interchangeable Cores (SFIC) Keying System.
 - 2. Characteristics:
 - a. New Keying System: Except as otherwise indicated, provide new master key system for project.
 - b. Equip locksets with Small Format Interchangeable Cores (SFIC) with restricted keys (Schlage Everest 29R) and auxiliary locking pin.
 - c. Metals: Construct lock cylinder parts from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver.
 - d. Comply with Owner's instructions for master keying and, except as otherwise indicated, provide individual change key for each lock that is not designated to be keyed alike with a group of related locks.
 - e. Permanently inscribe each key with number of lock that identifies cylinder manufacturer's key symbol, and notation, "DO NOT DUPLICATE".
 - f. Key Material: Provide keys of nickel silver only.
 - g. Furnish the following Key Quantities:
 - 1) Three (3) change keys for each lock.
 - 2) Five (5) master keys for each master system.
 - 3) Five (5) grandmaster keys for each grandmaster system.
 - 4) Ten (10) construction master keys.
 - 5) Two (2) construction Control Keys.
 - 6) One (1) extra blank for each lock.
 - h. Furnish construction master keys to General Contractor.
 - 1) Deliver keys to Owner.
 - i. Key Control Software: Schlage Sitemaster 200 for Windows or equivalent, supplied with factory bitting, and keyset symbols.
- E. Mortise Locksets and Latchsets: as scheduled.
 - 1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Schlage L9000 Series*
 - b. Sargent 8200 Series

- c. Corbin Russwin ML2000 Series
- 2. Required Features:
 - a. Chassis: Cold-rolled steel, handing field-changeable without disassembly.
 - b. Latchbolts: 3/4-inch throw stainless steel anti-friction type.
 - c. Lever Trim: Through-bolted, accessible design, cast or solid rod lever as scheduled. Spindles: Independent break-away.
 - d. Thumbturns: Accessible design not requiring pinching or twisting motions to operate.
 - e. Deadbolts: Stainless steel 1-inch throw.
 - f. Electric operation: Manufacturer-installed continuous duty solenoid.
 - g. Strikes: 16 gage curved stainless steel, bronze or brass with 1" deep box construction, lips of sufficient length to clear trim and protect clothing.
 - h. Scheduled Lock Series and Design: Schlage L Series 17A:
 - 1) Lever Design 17
 - 2) Rosette Design A.
 - i. Certifications:
 - 1) ANSI A156.13, 1994, Grade 1 Operational, Grade 1 Security.
 - 2) ANSI/ASTM F476-84 Grade 30 UL Listed.
 - j. Mortise Locks used at ICC-500 rated door and frame assemblies are to be tested and approved for use with materials specified in Section 083490-Tornado Resistant Assemblies.
- F. Extra Heavy Duty Cylindrical Locks and Latches:
 - 1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Schlage ND Series*
 - b. Sargent 10 Line Series
 - c. Corbin CL3300 Series
 - 2. Required Features:
 - a. Chassis: Cylindrical design, corrosion-resistant plated cold-rolled steel.
 - b. Locking Spindle: Stainless steel, interlocking design.
 - c. Latch Retractors: Forged steel. Balance of inner parts: Corrosion-resistant plated steel, or stainless steel.
 - d. Lever Trim: Accessible design, independent operation, spring-cage supported, minimum 2" clearance from lever mid-point to door face.
 - e. Rosettes: Minimum 3-7/16" diameter for coverage of ANSI/DHI A115.18, 1994 door preparation, through-bolt lugs on both spring cages to fully engage this pattern.
 - f. Springs: Full compression type.
 - g. Electric operation: Manufacturer-installed continuous duty solenoid.
 - h. Strikes: 16 gage curved steel, bronze or brass with 1" deep box construction, lips of sufficient length to clear trim and protect clothing.
 - i. Scheduled Lock Series and Design: Schlage ND Series SPARTA:
 - 1) Lever Design SPARTA.
 - j. Certifications:
 - 1) ANSI A156.2, 1994, Series 4000, Grade 1. Tested to exceed 3,000,000 cycles.
 - 2) UL listed for A label single doors up to 4 ft x 8 ft.
- G. Deadbolts: as scheduled.
 - 1. Rotating cylinder trim rings of attack-resistant design. Mounting plates and actuator shields of plated cold-rolled steel. Mounting screws of 1/4" dia. steel and protected by drill-resistant ball bearings. Steel alloy deadbolt with hardened steel roller. Strike with 1/8" thick strike reinforcement and two 3" long screws. ANSI A156.5, 1992 Grade 1 certified.

- H. Exit Devices:
1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Von Duprin 98 Series*
 - b. Sargent 8000 Series
 - c. Precision Apex 2100
 2. Characteristics:
 - a. Exit devices to be UL Listed for life safety. Exit devices for fire rated openings to have "UL" labels for "Fire Exit Hardware."
 - b. Exit devices mounted on labeled wood doors to be mounted on the door per the door manufacturer's requirements.
 - c. All trim to be thru-bolted to the lock stile case.
 - d. Lever trim to be solid case material with a break-away feature to limit damage to the unit from vandalism. Lever design to match locksets.
 - e. All exit devices to be made of brass, bronze, stainless steel, or aluminum material, powder coated, anodized, or plated to the standard architectural finishes to match the balance of the door hardware.
 - f. Provide glass bead conversion kits to shim exit devices on doors with raised glass beads.
 - g. All exit devices to be one manufacturer. No deviation will be considered.
 - h. All series exit devices to incorporate a fluid damper, which decelerates the touchpad on its return stroke and eliminates noise associated with exit device operation. All exit devices to be non-handed. Touchpad to extend a minimum of 1/2 of the door width and to extend to the height of the cross rail housing for a "no pinch" operation. Plastic touchpads are not acceptable. All latchbolts to be the deadlocking type. Latchbolts to have a self-lubricating coating to reduce wear. Plated or plastic coated latchbolts are not acceptable. Plastic linkage and "dogging" components are not acceptable.
 - i. Surface vertical rod devices to be UL labeled for fire door applications without the use of bottom rod assemblies. Where bottom rods are required for security applications, the devices to be UL labeled for fire doors applications with rod and latch guards by the device manufacturer.
 - j. Exit devices to include impact resistant, flush mounted end cap design to avoid damage due to carts and other heavy objects passing through an opening. End cap to be of heavy-duty metal alloy construction and provide horizontal adjustment to provide alignment with device cover plate. When exit device end cap is installed, no raised edges will protrude.
 - k. Scheduled Trim Model 996L: Lever Design 17.
 - 1) Lever Design 17
 - l. Exit devices used at ICC-500 rated door and frame assemblies are to be tested and approved for use with materials specified in Section 083490-Tornado Resistant Assemblies.
- I. Closers and Door Control Devices:
1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. LCN Closers 4010/4110/4020 Series*
 - b. Norton 9500 Series
 - c. Corbin Russwin DC8000
 2. Characteristics:
 - a. Door closers to have fully hydraulic, full rack and pinion action with a high strength cast iron cylinder.
 - b. All closers to utilize a stable fluid withstanding temperature range of 120°F to -30°F without seasonal adjustment of closer speed to properly close the door. Closers for fire-rated doors to be provided with temperature stabilizing fluid that complies with standards UBC 7-2 (1997)

and UL 10C.

- c. Spring power to be continuously adjustable over the full range of closer sizes and allow for reduced opening force for the physically handicapped. Spring power adjustment (LCN Fast™ Power Adjust) allows for quick and accurate power adjustment and visually shows closer power size settings by way of dial adjustment gauge located on closer spring tube. Hydraulic regulation to be by tamper-proof, non-critical valves. Closers to have separate adjustment for latch speed, general speed and back check.
- d. All closers to have solid forged steel main arms (and forearms for parallel arm closers) and where specified to have a cast-in solid stop on the closer shoe ("CUSH"). All parallel arm mounted closers to have "EDA" type arms or, where door travel on out-swing doors must be limited, use "CUSH" or "SCUSH" type closers. Auxiliary stops are not required when "CUSH" type closers are used. Provide drop plates where top rail of door is not sufficient for closer mounting. Provide "cush shoe supports" and "blade stop spacers" where dictated by frame details.
- e. Overhead concealed closers to have spring power adjustable for 50% increase in closing power and fully mortised door tracks.
- f. All surface closers to be certified to exceed ten million (10,000,000) full load cycles by a recognized independent testing laboratory. All closers (overhead, surface and concealed) to be of one manufacturer and carry manufacturer's ten-year warranty (electric closers to have two year warranty).
- g. Access-Free Manual Closers: Where manual closers are indicated for doors required to be accessible to the physically handicapped provide adjustable units complying with ADA and ANSI A-117.1 provisions for door opening force.
- h. Closers to be installed to allow door swing as shown on plans. Doors swinging into exit corridors to provide for corridor clear width as required by code. Where possible, mount closers inside rooms.
- i. Powder coating finish to be certified to exceed 100 hours salt spray testing by ETL, an independent testing laboratory used by BHMA for ANSI certification.

J. Overhead Door Holders:

- 1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Glynn Johnson*
 - b. Rixson Firemark
- 2. Characteristics:
 - a. Provide heavy duty concealed door holders of stainless steel.
 - b. Provide heavy duty surface mounted door holders of stainless steel.
 - c. Concealed holders to be installed with the jamb bracket mortised flush with the bottom of the jamb. The arm and channel to be mortised into the door.
 - d. Surface holders to be installed with the jamb bracket mounted on the stop.

K. Floor Stops and Wall Bumpers:

- 1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Trimco
 - c. Rockwood Manufacturing
- 2. Characteristics: Refer to Hardware Headings.

L. Door Bolts/Coordinators:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Trimco
 - c. Rockwood Manufacturing
2. Characteristics:
 - a. Flush bolts to be forged brass 6-3/4" x 1", with 1/2" diameter bolts. Plunger to be supplied with milled surface one side that fits into a matching guide.
 - b. Automatic flush bolts to be UL listed as top and bottom bolts on a pair of classified fire doors. Bolt construction to be of rugged steel and brass components.
 - c. Self-latching flush bolts to be UL listed as top and bottom bolts on a pair of classified fire doors. Bolt construction to be of rugged steel and brass components.
 - d. Automatic flush bolts and self-latching flush bolts to be UL listed for fire door application without bottom bolts (LBB).
 - e. Furnish dust proof bottom strikes.
 - f. Coordinator to be soffit mounted non-handed fully automatic UL listed coordinating device for sequential closing of paired doors with or without astragals.
 - g. Provide filler piece to close the header. Provide brackets as required for mounting of soffit applied hardware.

M. Push Plates:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Trimco
 - c. Rockwood Manufacturing
2. Characteristics:
 - a. Exposed Fasteners: Provide manufacturers standard exposed fasteners.
 - b. Material to be forged stainless steel, per the Hardware Headings.
 - c. Provide plates sized as shown in Hardware Headings.

N. Door Pulls & Pull Plates:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Trimco
 - c. Rockwood Manufacturing
2. Characteristics:
 - a. Provide concealed thru-bolted trim on back-to-back mounted pulls, but not for single units.
 - b. Material to be forged stainless steel.
 - c. Provide units sized as shown in Hardware Headings.

O. Push Pull Sets:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Trimco
 - c. Rockwood Manufacturing
2. Characteristics:
 - a. Provide mounting systems as shown in hardware sets.
 - b. Material to be tubular stainless steel.
 - c. Provide Push/Pull sets sized as shown in Hardware Headings.

P. Protective Plates:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Trimco
 - c. Rockwood Manufacturing
2. Characteristics:
 - a. Provide manufacturers standard exposed fasteners for door trim units consisting of either machine screws or self-tapping screws.
 - b. Materials:
 - c. Metal Plates: Stainless Steel, .050 inch (U.S. 18 gage).
 - d. Fabricate protection plates not more than 2 inches less than door width on push side and not more than 1 inch less than door width on pull side.
 - e. Sizes:
 - 1) Refer to hardware headings for specific sizes.
 - 2) Kick plates to be 8 inches in height.
 - 3) Mop plates to be 6 inches in height.
 - 4) Kick plates and Mop plates to be 1" less than bottom rail height where applicable.
 - 5) Armor plates to be 34 inches in height. Armor plates on fire doors to comply with NFPA 80.

Q. Thresholds:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Zero Weatherstripping Co., Inc.*
 - b. Pemko
 - c. Reese Industries
2. Types: Indicated in Hardware Headings.

R. Door Seals/Gasketing:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Zero Weatherstripping Co., Inc.*
 - b. Pemko
 - c. Reese Industries
2. Types: Indicated in Hardware Headings.

S. Silencers:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Ives*
 - b. Hager
 - c. Rockwood Manufacturing
2. Provide three for each single door; two for each pair of doors.

T. Key Cabinet and System:

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Telkee, Inc.
2. Provide a key control system including envelopes, labels, tags with self-locking key clips, receipt forms, 3-way visible card index, temporary markers, permanent markers, and standard metal cabinet, all as recommended by system manufacturer, with capacity for 150 percent of the number of locks required for the project.
3. Provide complete cross index system set up by key control distributor, and place keys on markers and hooks in the cabinet as determined by the final key schedule.
4. Provide hinged-panel type cabinet for wall mounting.
5. Provide multiple-drawer type cabinet.

U. Knox Box: (AS REQUIRED)

1. Acceptable manufacturers:
 - a. Knox Box 3200 Series.
2. Provide one surface mount Knox Box 3200 Series.
3. Provide unit compatible with the local Fire Department Knox key system.
4. General contractor shall install in location provided by architect.

2.2 Materials and Fabrication

- A. Manufacturer's Name Plate: Do not use manufacturers' products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location (omit removable nameplates) except in conjunction with required fire-rated labels and as otherwise acceptable to Architect.
 1. Manufacturer's identification will be permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
- B. Base Metals: Produce hardware units of basic metal and forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness, but in no case of lesser (commercially recognized) quality than specified for applicable hardware units by applicable ANSI/BHMA A156 series standards for each type of hardware item and with ANSI/BHMA A156.18 for finish designations indicated. Do not furnish "optional" materials or forming methods for those indicated, except as otherwise specified.
- C. Fasteners: Provide hardware manufactured to conform to published templates, generally prepared for machine screw installation.
 1. Do not provide hardware that has been prepared for self-tapping sheet metal screws, except as specifically indicated.
 2. Furnish screws for installation with each hardware item. Provide Phillips flat-head screws except as otherwise indicated. Finish exposed (exposed under any condition) screws to match hardware finish or, if exposed in surfaces of other work, to match finish of this other work as closely as possible including "prepared for paint" surfaces to receive painted finish.
 3. Provide concealed fasteners for hardware units that are exposed when door is closed except to the extent no standard units of type specified are available with concealed fasteners.
 4. Use thru-bolts for installation of all exit devices, closers, and surface-mounted overhead stops. Coordinate with wood doors and metal doors and frames. Where thru-bolts are used, provide sleeves for each thru-bolt as a means of reinforcing the work, or provide sex nuts and bolts.

2.3 Hardware Finishes

- A. Match items to the manufacturer's standard color and texture finish for the latch and lock sets (or push-pull units if no latch or lock sets).
- B. Provide finishes that match those established by ANSI or, if none established, match the Architect's sample.
- C. Provide quality of finish, including thickness of plating or coating (if any), composition, hardness, and other qualities complying with manufacturer's standards, but in no case less than specified by referenced standards for the applicable units of hardware.
- D. Provide protective lacquer coating on all exposed hardware finishes of brass, bronze, and aluminum, except as otherwise indicated. The suffix "-NL" is used with standard finish designations to indicate "no lacquer."
- E. The designations used to indicate hardware finishes are those listed in ANSI/BHMA A156.18, "Materials and Finishes," including coordination with the traditional U.S. finishes shown by certain manufacturers for their products.

- F. All hardware to be 626 (US26D), 652 (US26D) Satin Chrome Finish, with the following exceptions:
 - 1. Continuous Hinges: 628 (US28) Clear Anodized Aluminum
 - 2. Door Closers: 689 Powder Coat Aluminum
 - 3. Push Plates: 630 (US32D) Satin Stainless Steel
 - 4. Pull Plates: 630 (US32D) Satin Stainless Steel
 - 5. Protective Plates: 630 (US32D) Satin Stainless Steel
 - 6. Overhead Holders: 630 Satin Stainless Steel

3.0 - EXECUTION

3.1 Installation:

- A. Mount hardware units at heights indicated in following applicable publications, except as specifically indicated or required to comply with governing regulations and except as otherwise directed by Architect.
 - 1. "Recommended Locations for Builders Hardware for Standard Steel Doors and Frames" by the Door and Hardware Institute.
 - 2. "Recommended Locations for Builders Hardware for Custom Steel Doors and Frames" by the Door and Hardware Institute.
 - 3. NWWDA Industry Standard I.S.1.7, "Hardware Locations for Wood Flush Doors."
- B. Install each hardware item in compliance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations. Where cutting and fitting is required to install hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation or application of surface protection with finishing work specified in the Division 9 Sections. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on the substrates involved.
- C. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce the attachment substrate as necessary for proper installation and operation.
- D. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors in accordance with industry standards.
- E. Set thresholds for exterior doors in full bed of butyl-rubber or polyisobutylene mastic sealant complying with requirements specified in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealers".
- F. Weatherstripping and Seals: Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations to the extent installation requirements are not otherwise indicated.

3.2 Adjusting, Cleaning, and Demonstrating

- A. Adjust and check each operating item of hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate freely and smoothly or as intended for the application made.
 - 1. Where door hardware is installed more than one month prior to acceptance or occupancy of a space or area, return to the installation during the week prior to acceptance or occupancy and make final check and adjustment of all hardware items in such space or area. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish of hardware and doors. Adjust door control devices to function properly with final operation of heating and ventilating equipment.
- B. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by hardware installation.
- C. Door Hardware Supplier's Field Service:
 - 1. Inspect door hardware items for correct installation and adjustment after complete installation of door hardware.

2. Instruct Owner's personnel in the proper adjustment and maintenance of door hardware and hardware finishes.
3. File written report of this inspection to Architect.

3.3 Hardware Schedule

HARDWARE SET: A

EACH TO HAVE:

3	HINGE	5BB1HW 4.5 X 4.5 630	IVE
1	CLASSROOM DEAD LOCK	L463HD	SCH
1	SFIC EVEREST CORE	80-037	SCH
1	PUSH PLATE	8200 4" X 16"	IVE
1	PULL PLATE	8303 10" 4" X 16"	IVE
1	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 SCUSH MC TBWMS	LCN
1	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B-CS	IVE
1	RAIN DRIP	142AA (AS REQ'D)	ZER
1	GASKETING	8144	ZER
1	DOOR SWEEP	8198	ZER
1	THRESHOLD	65	ZER

HARDWARE SET: B

EACH TO HAVE:

3	HINGE	5BB1HW 4.5 X 4.5 630	IVE
1	CORRIDOR LOCK	L9456HD	SCH
1	SFIC EVEREST CORE	80-037	SCH
1	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 SHCUSH MC TBWMS	LCN
1	KICK PLATE	8400 10" X 2" LDW B-CS	IVE
1	RAIN DRIP	142AA (AS REQ'D)	ZER
1	GASKETING	8144	ZER
1	DOOR SWEEP	8198	ZER
1	THRESHOLD	65	ZER

HARDWARE SET: C

EACH TO HAVE:

3	HINGE	5BB1HW 4.5 X 4.5 630	IVE
1	PANIC DEVICE	LD-22-NL-230NL	SCH
1	SFIC RIM CYLINDER	80-159 ICX	SCH
1	SFIC EVEREST CORE	80-037	SCH
1	SURFACE CLOSER	4111 CUSH MC TBWMS	LCN
1	RAIN DRIP	142AA (AS REQ'D)	ZER
1	GASKETING	8144	ZER
1	DOOR SWEEP	8198	ZER
1	THRESHOLD	65	ZER

HARDWARE SET: D

EACH TO HAVE:

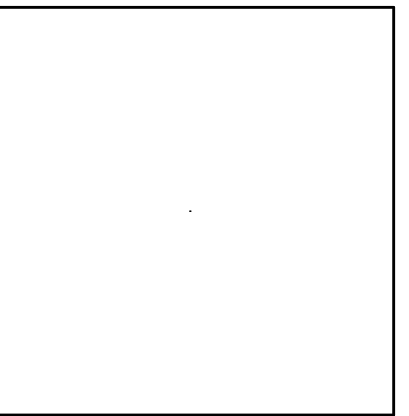
3	HINGE	5BB1HW 5 X 5 NRP 630	IVE
1	CYLINDER PULL	1822-1	IVE
1	DOOR BOLT	L480 L583-363	SCH
1	WALL STOP/HOLDER	FS495	IVE

COORDINATE HINGE WITH WALL CONDITION AND 180 DEGREE SWING/HOLD-OPEN. ADJUST WIDTH AS REQUIRED. USE "TOP OF DOOR" MOUNTING OPTION FOR FS495, SEE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS.

END OF SECTION



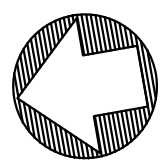
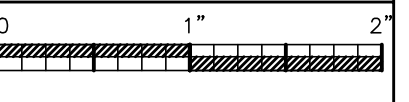
NEW BASEBALL FIELD RESTROOMS FOR
ST. CLAIR COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
16700 US HWY 411, ODENVILLE, ALABAMA 35120
ST. CLAIR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION



6-10-25

SHEET NO:

OF 7



SCALE: $1/4" = 1'-0"$



SCALE: 1" = 1'-0"



SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"

GENERAL NOTES



1. COORDINATE W/ ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL AND PROVIDE CONCRETE EQUIPMENT PAD AS REQUIRED
2. SEE CIVIL DRAWINGS FOR CONTINUATION OF SIDEWALKS
3. ALL PLUMB DIMENSIONS ARE TO FACE OF CMU WALL UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE
4. WINDOWS ARE DIMENSIONED TO THE CENTER LINE
5. SLOPE ALL SIDEWALKS AWAY FROM THE BUILDING 1/4" : 12
6. SLOPE FINISH FLOOR TO FLOOR DRAINS. SEE PLUMBING FOR LOCATIONS OF FLOOR DRAINS.
7. SEE ELEVATIONS AND ROOF PLAN FOR DOWNSPOUT LOCATIONS
8. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROTECT EXISTING UTILITIES & SYSTEMS TO REMAIN AND CORRECT ANY DAMAGE RESULTING WORK.
9. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE GREAT CARE TO NOT DISRUPT ADJACENT SCHOOL TRAFFIC. COORDINATE ALL AREA/ROAD CLOSURES WITH OWNER.
10. CONTRACTOR TO TAKE GREAT CARE TO NOT DISRUPT ADJACENT SCHOOL UTILITIES. COORDINATE ALL UTILITY OUTAGES WITH OWNER AND ON THE WEEKENDS / AFTER SCHOOL HOURS.
11. ALL PLUMBING FIXTURES TO BE PROVIDED AND INSTALLED BY OWNER UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE

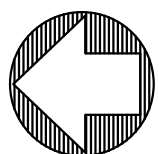
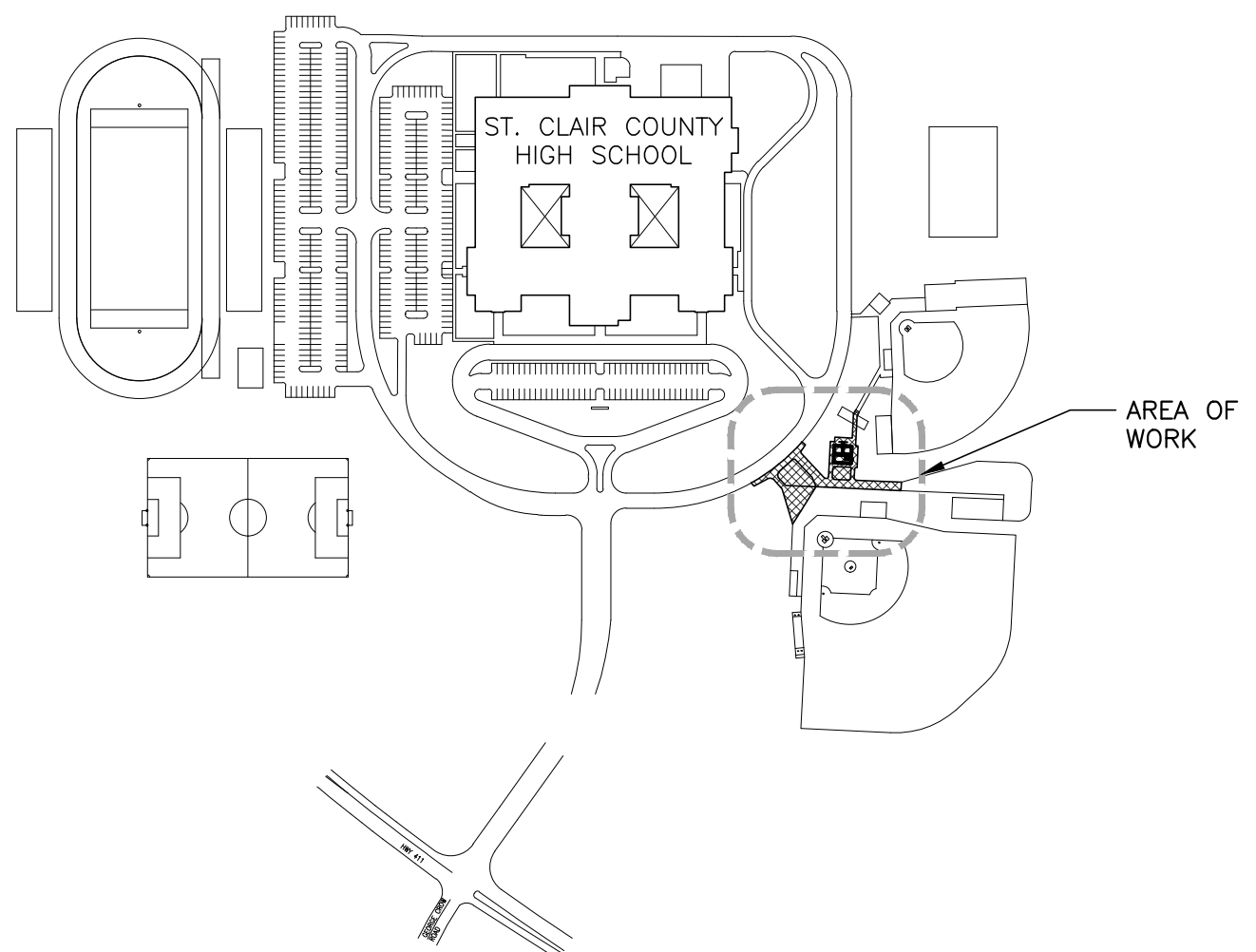
DOOR PLACEMENT LEGEND

The legend illustrates four door placement configurations with their respective clearance requirements:

- FLUSH FRAME:** Shows a door with a flush frame. The clearance between the door and the frame is indicated as 18" MIN.
- OFFSET FRAME:** Shows a door with an offset frame. The clearance between the door and the frame is indicated as 8". The clearance between the door and the adjacent wall is indicated as 18" MIN. The clearance between the door and the floor is indicated as 12" MIN.
- CENTERED FRAME:** Shows a door with a centered frame. The clearance between the door and the frame is indicated as 18" MIN. The clearance between the door and the adjacent wall is indicated as EQ (Equal).

DOOR FIRE RATING LEGEND	
DOOR TYPE (2)	NO RATING
DOOR TYPE + A (2A)	20 MINUTE RATING
DOOR TYPE + B (2B)	45 MINUTE RATING
DOOR TYPE + C (2C)	60 MINUTE RATING

WALL TYPE LEGEND		
	CMU WALL	8" CONCRETE MASONRY WALL. SEE PLAN FOR WALL WIDTH CHANGES SEE LIFE SAFETY PLAN FOR FIRE RATING
	SOUND ATTENUATION PARTITION	8" CONCRETE MASONRY WALL WITH SOUND ATTENUATION FOAM FILL



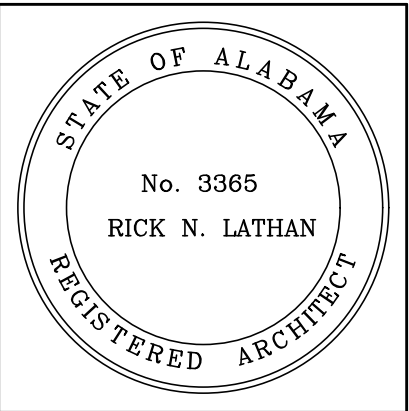
KEY PLAN © ST. CLAIR COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

NTS



LATHAN
ARCHITECTS

NEW BASEBALL FIELD RESTROOMS FOR
ST. CLAIR COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL
16700 US HWY 411, ODENVILLE, ALABAMA 35120
ST. CLAIR COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION



SHEET TITLE:
ROOF PLAN, DETAILS,
AND LEGENDS

PROJ. MGR.: R. VERNON
DRAWN: K. RENTA

DATE: APRIL, 15 2025
REVISIONS

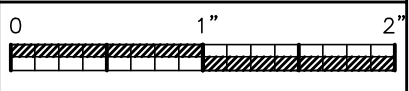
1 ADDENDUM NO. 1
6-10-25

JOB NO. 25-07

SHEET NO:

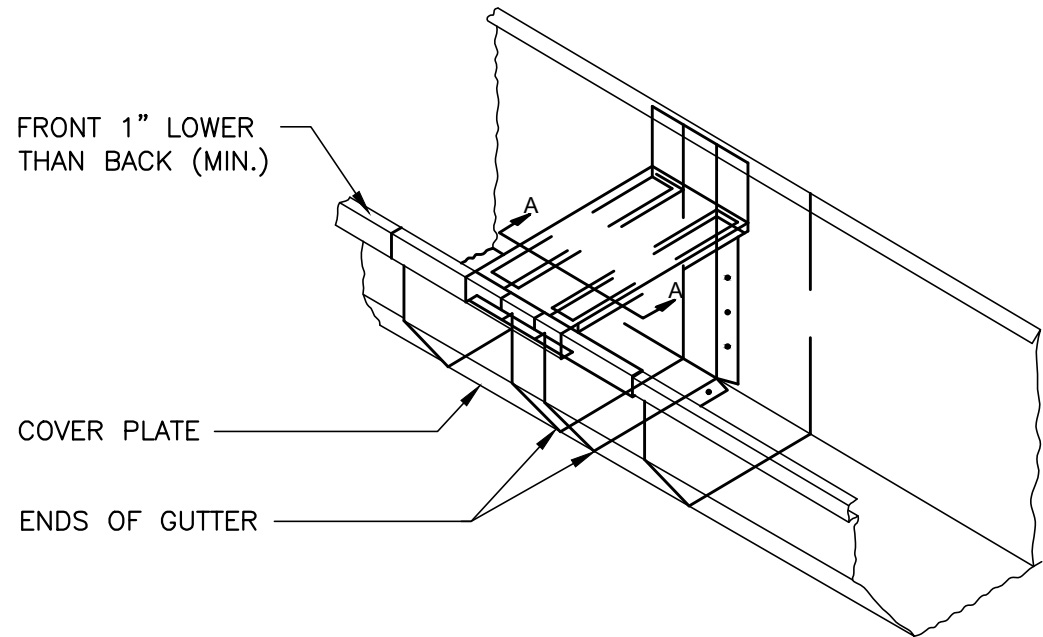
A2

2 OF 7

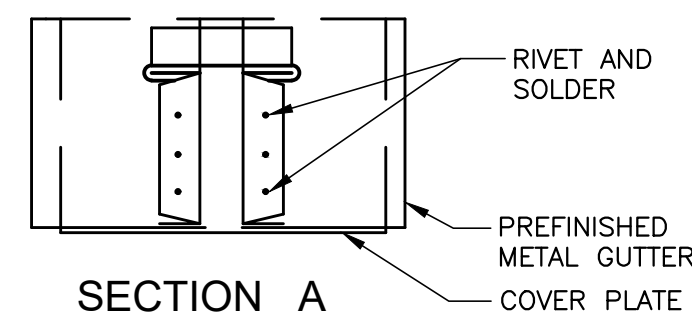


ROOF LEGEND		
DETAIL NUMBER	DIRECTION OF DOWNWARD SLOPE	PREFINISHED STANDING SEAM METAL ROOF
SHEET NUMBER	RISE:RUN	
ROOF DETAIL MARKER	ROOF SLOPE MARKER	
G GUTTER DS DOWNSPOUT	PP PIPE PENETRATION NIC NOT IN CONTRACT	SB SPLASH BLOCK/PAN TYP TYPICAL

PREFINISHED STANDING SEAM METAL ROOFING SCOPE OF WORK		
1. PROVIDE PIPE PENETRATION AND MECHANICAL PENETRATION ABOVE FIELD OF ROOF AS REQUIRED.		
3. PROVIDE ICE AND WATER SHIELD IN ALL VALLEYS, PERIMETERS, AND PENETRATIONS REGARDLESS OF SLOPE AS INDICATED.		
4. PROVIDE UNDERLAYMENT AND STANDING SEAM METAL ROOFING SYSTEM AS SPECIFIED. INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATIONS AND MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.		
5. PROVIDE ALL PREFINISHED SHEET METAL FLASHING COMPONENTS INCLUDING, COPING CAPS, LEAD FLASHING, FASCIA, TRIM, REGLETS, FLASHINGS, ETC. THROUGHOUT ENTIRE PROJECT.		
6. PROVIDE FLASHINGS CONSTRUCTED OF BRAKE METAL.		
7. PROVIDE ALL GUTTER, DOWNSPOUT, SPLASH PANS, SPLASH BLOCKS, ETC. SEALED OUTLET TUBES REQUIRED AT ALL DOWNSPOUTS LOCATIONS.		
8. PROVIDE PREFINISHED METAL VENTED SOFFIT SYSTEM AS SPECIFIED.		



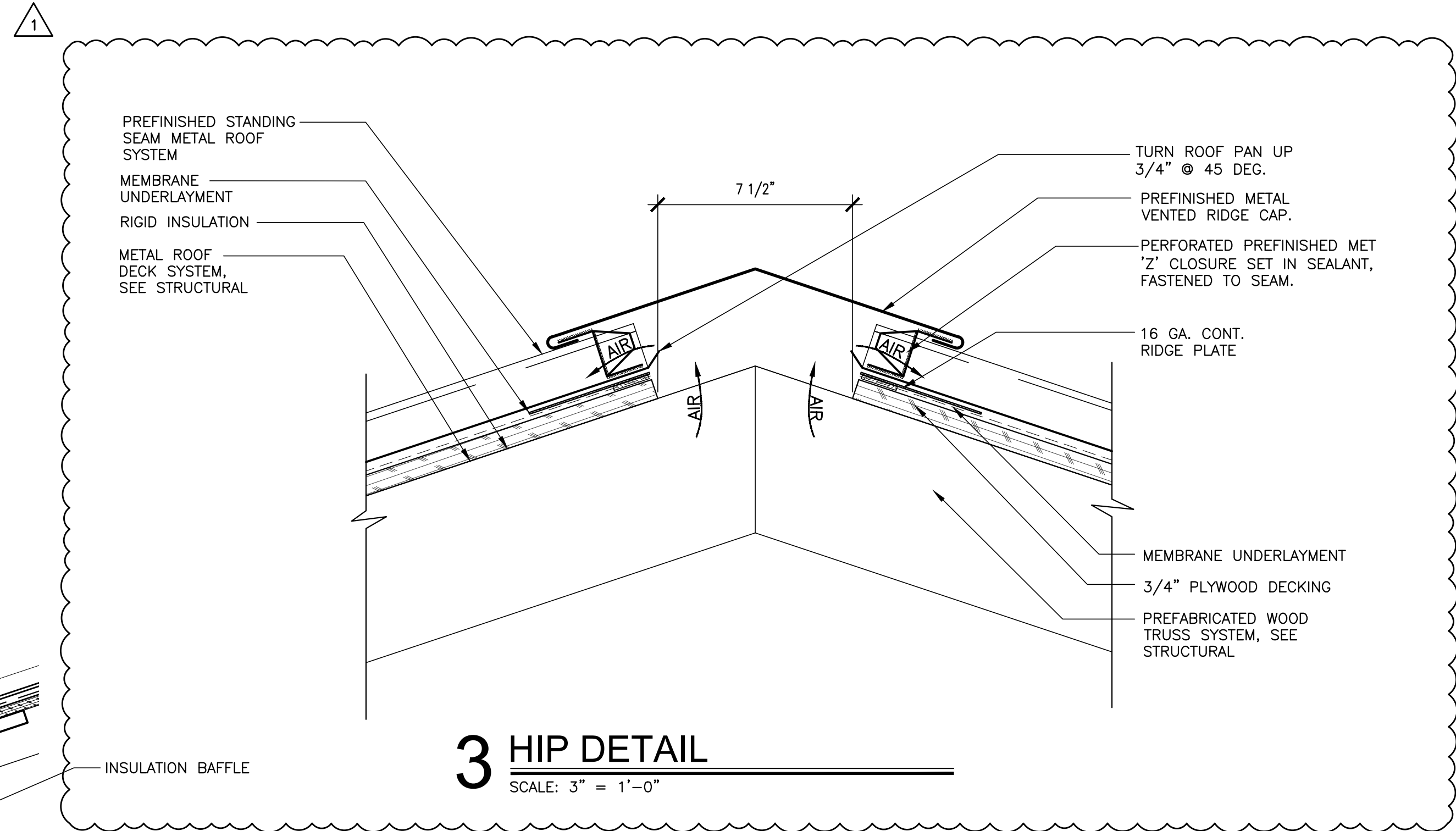
NOTE:
THE INTENT OF THIS DETAIL IS TO
SHOW EXPANSION JOINT ASSEMBLY
ONLY; GUTTER STYLES MAY DIFFER.



SECTION A
PROVIDE GEJ @ 50'-0"
OR AS SHOWN ON PLANS.

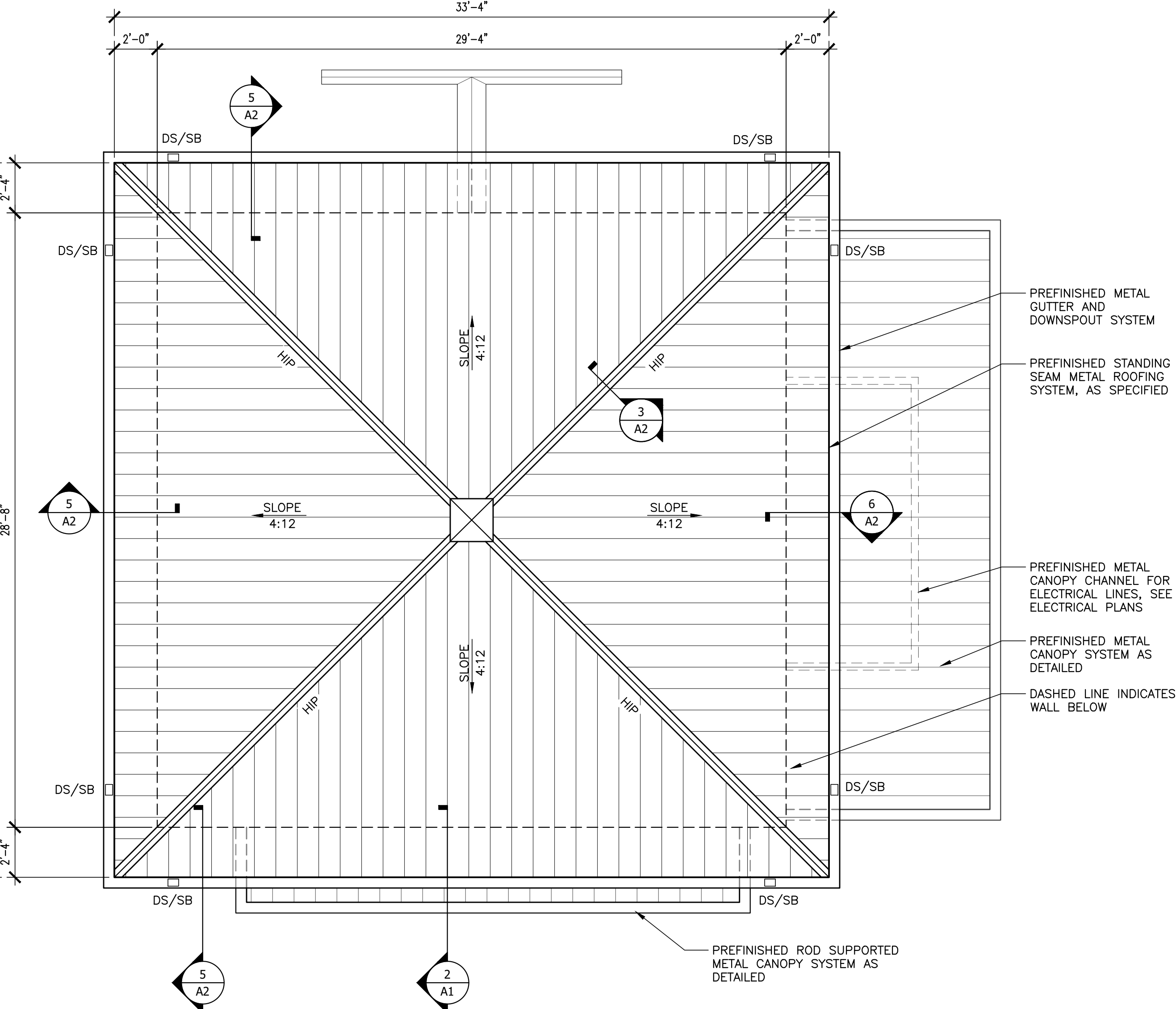
2 GUTTER EXPANSION JOINT DETAIL

SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"



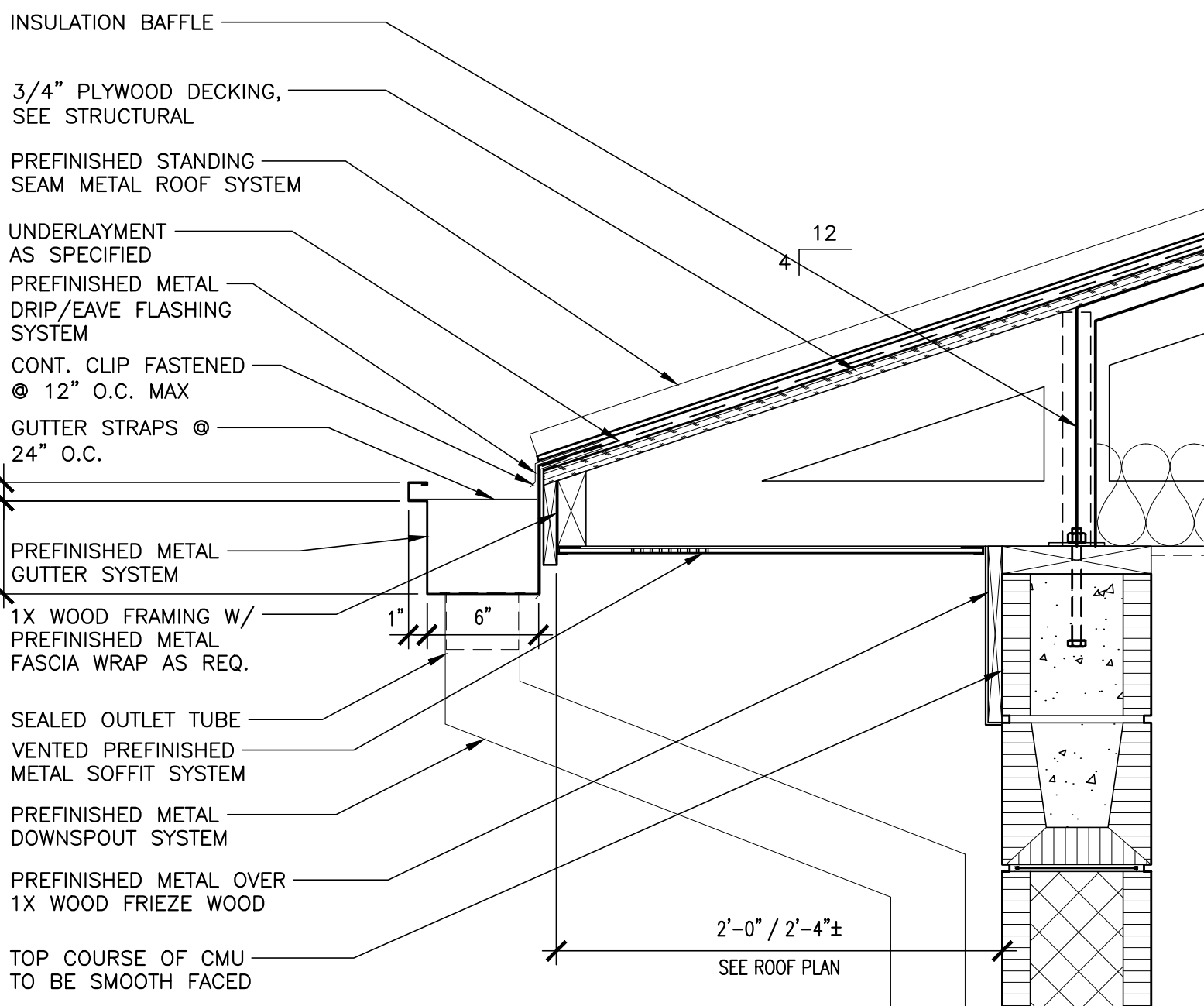
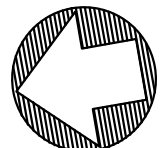
3 HIP DETAIL

SCALE: 3" = 1'-0"



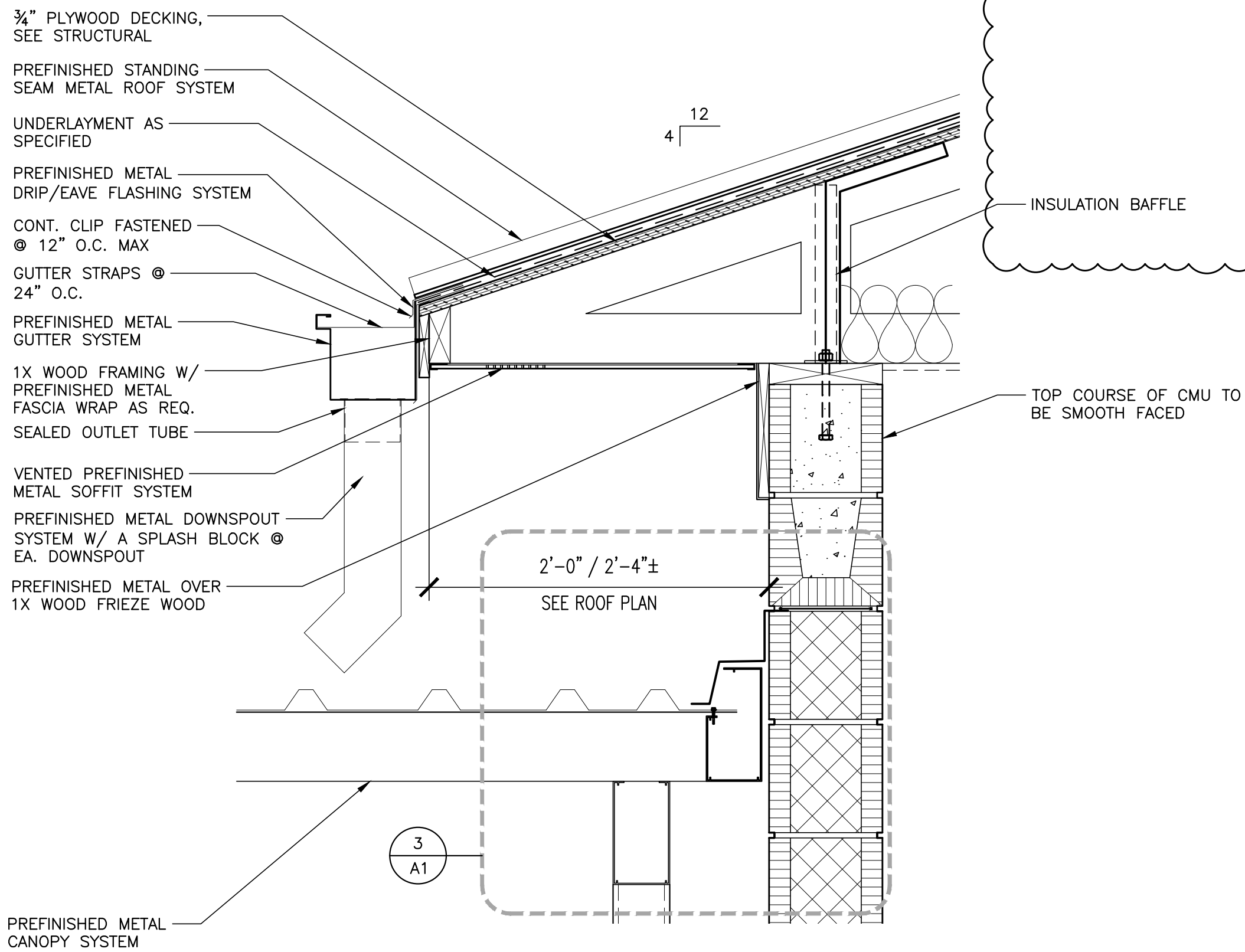
1 FLOOR PLAN @ MEN'S AND WOMEN'S RESTROOMS

SCALE: 1/4" = 1'-0"



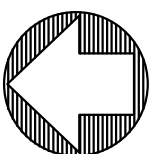
5 ROOF DETAIL

SCALE: 1-1/2" = 1'-0"



6 ROOF DETAIL

SCALE: 1-1/2" = 1'-0"



KEY PLAN @ ST. CLAIR COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

NTS

SECTION 03300 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY:

- A. This Section specifies cast-in place concrete, including formwork, reinforcing, mix design, placement procedures, and finishes.
- B. Concrete paving and walks are specified in Division 2.

1.3 SUBMITTALS:

- A. General: Submit the following in accordance with Conditions of Contract and Division 1 Specification Sections.
 - 1. Submit all shop drawings on one reproducible print and two copies only. The reproducible print will be returned. All copies required by the Contractor are the responsibility of the Contractor and shall be made after reproducible is returned.
- B. Product data for proprietary materials and items, including reinforcement and forming accessories, admixtures, patching compounds, waterstops, joint systems, curing compounds, dry-shake finish materials, and others as requested by Architect.
- C. Shop drawings for reinforcement, prepared for fabrication, bending, and placement of concrete reinforcement. Comply with ACI S-66 (88), "ACI Detailing Manual," showing bar schedules, stirrup spacing, diagrams of bent bars, and arrangement of concrete reinforcement. Include special reinforcement required for openings through concrete structures.
- D. Samples: Submit samples of materials as requested by Architect, including names, sources, and descriptions.
- E. Laboratory Test Reports: Submit laboratory test reports for concrete materials and mix design test.
- F. Materials Certificates: Provide materials certificates in lieu of materials laboratory test reports when permitted by Architect. Materials certificates shall be signed by the manufacturer and Contractor, certifying that each material item complies with or exceeds specified requirements. Provide certification from admixture manufacturers that chloride content complies with specification requirements.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Codes and Standards: Comply with provisions of following codes, specifications, and standards, except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified:
 - 1. ACI 301 "Specifications for Structural Concrete for Buildings".
 - 2. ACI 302 "Guide for Concrete Floor and Slab Construction".
 - 3. ACI 304 "Recommended Practice for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting and Placing

Concrete".

4. ACI 305 "Hot Weather Concreting".
 5. ACI 306 "Cold Weather Concreting".
 6. ACI 309 "Guide for Consolidation of Concrete"
 7. ACI 311 "Recommended Practice for Concrete Inspection".
 8. ACI 318, "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete."
 9. ACI 347 "Recommended Practice for Concrete Formwork".
 10. Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute (CRSI), "Manual of Standard Practice."
 11. American Welding Society, AWS D1.4 "Structural Welding Code- Reinforcing Steel".
- B. Concrete Testing Service: Employ, at Contractor's expense a testing laboratory acceptable to Architect to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixes.
- C. Materials and installed work may require testing and retesting at any time during progress of work. Tests, including retesting of rejected materials for installed work, shall be done at Contractor's expense.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FORM MATERIALS:

- A. Forms for Exposed Finish Concrete: Plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood faced, or other acceptable panel-type materials, to provide continuous, straight, smooth, exposed surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints and to conform to joint system shown on drawings.
1. Use overlaid plywood complying with U.S. Product Standard PS-1 "A-C or B-B High Density Overlaid Concrete Form," Class I.
- B. Forms for Unexposed Finish Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, or other acceptable material. Provide lumber dressed on at least 2 edges and one side for tight fit.
- C. Forms for Textured Finish Concrete: Units of face design, size, arrangement, and configuration to match Architect's control sample. Provide solid backing and form supports to ensure stability of textured form liners.
- D. Form Coatings: Provide commercial formulation form-coating compounds with a maximum VOC of 350 mg/l that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.
- E. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, adjustable-length, removable or snap-off metal form ties, designed to prevent form deflection and to prevent spalling concrete upon removal. Provide units that will leave no metal closer than 1-1/2 inches to exposed surface.
1. Provide ties that, when removed, will leave holes not larger than 1-inch diameter in concrete surface.

2.2 REINFORCING MATERIALS:

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615, Grade 60, deformed.

- B. Steel Wire: ASTM A 82, plain, cold-drawn steel.
- C. Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, welded steel wire reinforcement.
- D. Supports for Reinforcement: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire fabric in place. Use wire-bar-type supports complying with CRSI specifications.
 - 1. For slabs-on-grade, use supports with sand plates or horizontal runners where base material will not support chair legs.
 - 2. For exposed-to-view concrete surfaces, where legs of supports are in contact with forms, provide supports with legs that are plastic protected (CRSI, Class 1) or stainless steel protected (CRSI, Class 2).
 - 3. For sand blasted or intentionally roughened concrete surfaces provide supports of stainless steel (CRSI, Class 2).
- E. Threaded Dowels: Continuous threaded high-strength steel bars equal to "Lasstud" by Richmond Screw Anchor Co., Inc. Provide inserts compatible with dowels, designed for ultimate pull-out force indicated on the drawings.
- F. Steel Shapes, Plates and Rods: Conform to ASTM A 36 "Specification for Structural Steel".
- G. Do not weld reinforcing steel unless specifically noted on drawings. If welding is shown, conform to latest revision of AWS D12.1, "Reinforcing Steel Welding Code of the American Welding Society". Perform all welding with certified welders qualified per AWS.

2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS:

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I.
 - 1. Use one brand of cement throughout project unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.
- B. Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Type C or Type F.
 - 1. Limit use of fly ash to not exceed 25 percent of cement content by weight.
- C. Normal Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33 and as herein specified. Provide aggregates from a single source for exposed concrete.
 - 1. For exterior exposed surfaces, do not use fine or coarse aggregates containing spalling-causing deleterious substances.
 - 2. Local aggregates not complying with ASTM C 33 but that special tests or actual service have shown to produce concrete of adequate strength and durability may be used when acceptable to Architect.
- D. Water: Drinkable.
- E. Admixtures, General: Provide admixtures for concrete that contain not more than 0.1 percent chloride ions.
- F. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260, certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other required admixtures.
- G. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type A.

- H. High-Range Water-Reducing Admixture (Super Plasticizer): ASTM C 494, Type F or Type G.
- I. Water-Reducing, Non-Chloride Accelerating Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type E.
- J. Water-Reducing, Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494, Type D.

2.4 RELATED MATERIALS:

- A. Available Products and/or Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products which may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to those listed.
- B. Granular Base: Evenly graded mixture of fine and coarse aggregates to provide, when compacted, a smooth and even surface below slabs on grade.
- C. Vapor Retarder: Provide vapor retarder cover over prepared base material where indicated below slabs on grade. Use only materials that are resistant to deterioration when tested in accordance with ASTM E 154, as follows:
 - 1. Polyethylene sheet not less than 8 mils thick.
- D. Nonslip Aggregate Finish: Provide fused aluminum oxide granules or crushed emery as abrasive aggregate for nonslip finish, with emery aggregate containing not less than 50 percent aluminum oxide and not less than 25 percent ferric oxide. Use material that is factory-graded, packaged, rustproof, and nonglazing and is unaffected by freezing, moisture, and cleaning materials.
- E. Absorptive Cover: Burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz. per sq. yd., complying with AASHTO M 182, Class 2.
- F. Moisture-Retaining Cover: One of the following, complying with ASTM C 171.
 - 1. Waterproof paper.
 - 2. Polyethylene film.
 - 3. Polyethylene-coated burlap.
- G. Liquid Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: Liquid-type membrane- forming curing compound complying with ASTM C 309, Type I, Class A. Moisture loss not more than 0.055 gr./sq. cm. when applied at 200 sq. ft./gal.
 - 1. Contractor to verify that product is compatible with other applied finishes.
- H. Water-Based Acrylic Membrane Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type I, Class B.
- I. Underlayment Compound: Free-flowing, self-leveling, pumpable, cement-based compound for applications from one inch thick to feathered edges.
- J. Bonding Compound: Polyvinyl acetate or acrylic base.
 - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Polyvinyl Acetate (Interior Only):
 - 1) "Superior Concrete Bonder," Dayton Superior Corp.

- 2) "Euco Weld," Euclid Chemical Co.
- 3) "Weld-Crete," Larsen Products Corp.
- 4) "Everweld," L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.

b. Acrylic or Styrene Butadiene:

- 1) "Acrylic Bondcrete," The Burke Co.
- 2) "Strongbond," Conspec Marketing and Mfg. Co.
- 3) "Day-Chem Ad Bond," Dayton Superior Corp.
- 4) "SBR Latex," Euclid Chemical Co.
- 5) "Daraweld C," W.R. Grace & Co.
- 6) "Hornweld," A.C. Horn, Inc.
- 7) "Everbond," L & M Construction Chemicals, Inc.
- 8) "Acryl-Set," Master Builders Inc.
- 9) "Intralok," W.R. Meadows, Inc.
- 10) "Sonocrete," Sonneborn-Rexnord.
- 11) "Stonlock LB2," Stonhard, Inc.

K. Epoxy Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component material suitable for use on dry or damp surfaces. Provide material "Type," "Grade," and "Class" to suit project requirements.

1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated in the work include, but are not limited to, the following:

2.5 PROPORTIONING AND DESIGN OF MIXES:

- A. Prepare design mixes for each type and strength of concrete by either laboratory trial mixtures or field experience methods as specified in ACI 318-95 Section 5.3. If trial mixtures method used, use an independent testing facility acceptable to Architect for preparing and reporting proposed mix designs. The testing facility shall not be the same as used for field quality control testing, unless otherwise acceptable to Architect.
- B. Trial mix designs and strength tests, made by qualified independent material laboratory, in accordance with ACI 318-95 Section 5.3 are required for all concrete designs for which a suitable experience record is not available.
- C. Mix design based on a record of past performance in accordance with ACI 318-95 Section 5.3, may be provided by qualified concrete supplier or precast concrete manufacturer for concrete designs. Mix design shall be certified by an independent testing laboratory.
- D. All concrete mix designs shall include the following information:
 1. Proportions of cement, fine and coarse aggregate and water.
 2. Water/cement ratio, design strength, slump and air content.
 3. Type of cement and aggregates.
 4. Type and dosage of all admixtures.
 5. Type, color and dosage of integral coloring compounds, where applicable.
 6. Special requirements for pumping.
 7. Any special characteristics of the mix which require precautions in the mixing, placing or finishing techniques to achieve the finished product specified.
- E. Submit written reports to Architect of each proposed mix for each class of concrete at least 15 days prior to start of work. Do not begin concrete production until proposed mix designs have

been reviewed by Architect.

- F. Design mixes to provide normal weight concrete as indicated on drawings and schedules.
- G. Adjustment to Concrete Mixes: Mix design adjustments may be requested by Contractor when characteristics of materials, job conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant, as accepted by Architect. Laboratory test data for revised mix design and strength results must be submitted to and accepted by Architect before using in work.

2.6 ADMIXTURES:

- A. Use water-reducing admixture or high-range water-reducing admixture (Superplasticizer) in concrete as required for placement and workability.
 - 1. Use high-range water-reducing admixture (HRWR) in pumped concrete, concrete for industrial slabs, architectural concrete, parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with water/cement ratios below 0.50.
- B. Use nonchloride accelerating admixture in concrete slabs placed at ambient temperatures below 50 deg F (10 deg C).
- C. Use air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement having the total air content as shown on the drawings.
- D. Use admixtures for water reduction and set control in strict compliance with manufacturer's directions.
- E. Water-Cement Ratio: Provide concrete with the maximum water-cement (w/c) ratios as shown on the drawings.
- F. Slump Limits: Proportion and design mixes to result in slump at point of placement as shown on the drawings.

2.7 CONCRETE MIXING:

- A. Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and used in work, indicating project identification name and number, date, mix type, mix time, quantity, and amount of water introduced.
- B. Ready-Mix Concrete: Comply with requirements of ASTM C 94, and as specified.
 - 1. Addition of water to batch for material with insufficient slump will be permitted in accordance with ACI 301.
 - 2. When air temperature is between 85 deg F (30 deg C) and 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes, and when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.
- C. High range water reducing admixture (superplasticizer) redosage may be permitted when prior approval, as to methods and procedures, is obtained from the Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL:

- A. Coordinate the installation of joint materials and vapor retarders with placement of forms and reinforcing steel.

3.2 FORMS:

- A. General: Design, erect, support, brace, and maintain formwork to support vertical and lateral, static and dynamic loads that might be applied until concrete structure can support such loads. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of correct size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position. Maintain formwork construction tolerances complying with ACI 301 Table 4.3.1.
- B. Construct forms to sizes, shapes, lines, and dimensions shown and to obtain accurate alignment, location, grades, level, and plumb work in finished structures. Provide for openings, offsets, sinkages, keyways, recesses, moldings, rustications, reglets, chamfers, blocking, screeds, bulkheads, anchorages and inserts, and other features required in work. Use selected materials to obtain required finishes. Solidly butt joints and provide backup at joints to prevent leakage of cement paste.
- C. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush plates or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces where slope is too steep to place concrete with bottom forms only. Kerf wood inserts for forming keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.
- D. Provide temporary openings where interior area of formwork is inaccessible for cleanout, for inspection before concrete placement, and for placement of concrete. Securely brace temporary openings and set tightly to forms to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.
- E. Chamfer exposed corners and edges as indicated, using wood, metal, PVC, or rubber chamfer strips fabricated to produce uniform smooth lines and tight edge joints.
- F. Provisions for Other Trades: Provide openings in concrete formwork to accommodate work of other trades. Determine size and location of openings, recesses, and chases from trades providing such items. Accurately place and securely support items built into forms.
- G. Cleaning and Tightening: Thoroughly clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, or other debris just before concrete is placed. Retighten forms and bracing before concrete placement as required to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.

3.3 VAPOR RETARDER INSTALLATION:

- A. General: Following leveling and tamping of granular base for slabs on grade, place vapor retarder sheeting with longest dimension parallel with direction of pour.
- B. Lap joints 6 inches and seal vapor retarder joints with manufacturers' recommended mastic and pressure-sensitive tape.
- C. After placement of vapor retarder, cover with sand cushion and compact to depth as shown on drawings.

3.4 PLACING REINFORCEMENT:

- A. General: Comply with Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute's recommended practice for "Placing Reinforcing Bars," for details and methods of reinforcement placement and supports and as herein specified.
 - 1. Avoiding cutting or puncturing vapor retarder during reinforcement placement and concreting operations.
- B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other materials that reduce or destroy bond with concrete.

- C. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement. Locate and support reinforcing by metal chairs, runners, bolsters, spacers, and hangers, as required.
- D. Place reinforcement to obtain at least minimum coverages for concrete protection. Arrange, space, and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position during concrete placement operations. Set wire ties so ends are directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.
- E. Install welded wire reinforcement in as long lengths as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh and lace splices with wire. Offset laps of adjoining widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.

3.5 JOINTS:

- A. Construction Joints: Locate and install construction joints as indicated or, if not indicated, locate so as not to impair strength and appearance of the structure, as acceptable to Architect.
- B. Provide keyways at least 1-1/2 inches deep in construction joints in walls, slabs, beams and between walls and footings.
- C. Place construction joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints except as otherwise indicated.
- D. Use bonding agent on existing concrete surfaces that will be joined with fresh concrete.
- E. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Ground: Construct isolation joints in slabs-on-ground at points of contact between slabs-on-ground and vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - 1. Joint filler and sealant materials are specified in Division 7 Sections of these specifications.
- F. Contraction (Control) Joints in Slabs-on-Ground: Construct contraction joints in slabs-on-ground to form panels of patterns as shown. Use saw cuts 1/8 inch wide by 1/4 slab depth or approved inserts, unless otherwise indicated. Make saw cuts as soon as possible after slab finishing as may be safely done without dislodging aggregates.
 - 1. With prior approval from Architect contraction joints may be formed by inserting premolded plastic, hardboard, or fiberboard strip into fresh concrete until top surface of strip is flush with slab surface. Tool slab edges round on each side of insert. After concrete has cured, remove inserts and clean groove of loose debris.
 - 2. If joint pattern not shown, provide joints not exceeding 15 feet in either direction and located to conform to bay spacing wherever possible (at column centerlines, half bays, third bays).
 - 3. Joint sealant material is specified in Division 7 Sections of these specifications.

3.6 INSTALLATION OF EMBEDDED ITEMS:

- A. General: Set and build into work anchorage devices and other embedded items required for other work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, diagrams, instructions, and directions provided by suppliers of items to be attached thereto.
- B. Forms for Slabs: Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to obtain required elevations and contours in finished surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips using strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.

3.7 PREPARATION OF FORM SURFACES:

- A. Clean re-used forms of concrete matrix residue, repair and patch as required to return forms to acceptable surface condition.
- B. Coat contact surfaces of forms with an approved, nonresidual, low-VOC, form-coating compound before reinforcement is placed. Do not allow excess form-coating material to accumulate in forms or to come into contact with in-place concrete surfaces against which fresh concrete will be placed. Apply in compliance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.8 CONCRETE PLACEMENT:

- A. Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, reinforcing steel, and items to be embedded or cast in. Notify other crafts to permit installation of their work; cooperate with other trades in setting such work.
- B. General: Comply with ACI 304, "Recommended Practice for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete," and as herein specified.
- C. Deposit concrete continuously or in layers of such thickness that no concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened sufficiently to cause the formation of seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as herein specified. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation at its final location.
- D. Placing Concrete Slabs: Deposit and consolidate concrete slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until the placing of a panel or section is completed.
 - 1. Consolidate concrete during placing operations so that concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.
 - 2. Bring slab surfaces to correct level with straightedge and strike off. Use bull floats or darbies to smooth surface, free of humps or hollows. Do not disturb slab surfaces prior to beginning finishing operations.
 - 3. Maintain reinforcing in proper position during concrete placement.
- E. Cold-Weather Placing: Comply with provisions of ACI 306 and as follows. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.
- F. When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40 deg F (4 deg C), uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture temperature of not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) and not more than 80 deg F (27 deg C) at point of placement.
 - 1. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow. Do not place concrete on frozen subgrade or on subgrade containing frozen materials.
 - 2. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, and other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise accepted in mix designs.
- G. Hot-Weather Placing: When hot weather conditions exist that would seriously impair quality and strength of concrete, place concrete in compliance with ACI 305 and as herein specified.
 - 1. Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature at time of placement below 90 deg F (32 deg C). Mixing water may be chilled, or chopped ice may be used to control temperature provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Use of liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
 - 2. Cover reinforcing steel with water-soaked burlap if it becomes too hot, so that steel temperature will not exceed the ambient air temperature immediately before embedment in

concrete.

3. Fog spray forms, reinforcing steel, and subgrade just before concrete is placed.
4. Use water-reducing retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placing conditions, when acceptable to Architect.

3.9 FINISH OF FORMED SURFACES:

- A. Rough Form Finish: For formed concrete surfaces not exposed to view in the finish work or concealed by other construction. This is the concrete surface having texture imparted by form-facing material used, with tie holes and defective areas repaired and patched and fins and other projections exceeding 1/4 inch in height rubbed down or chipped off.
- B. Smooth Form Finish: For formed concrete surfaces exposed to view or to be covered with a coating material applied directly to concrete, or a covering material applied directly to concrete, such as waterproofing, dampproofing, veneer plaster, painting, or other similar system. This is an as-cast concrete surface obtained with selected form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch defective areas with fins and other projections completely removed and smoothed.

3.10 MONOLITHIC SLAB FINISHES:

- A. Scratch Finish: Apply scratch finish to monolithic slab surfaces to receive concrete floor topping or mortar setting beds for tile, portland cement terrazzo, and other bonded applied cementitious finish flooring material, and as otherwise indicated.
 1. After placing slabs, plane surface to tolerances for floor flatness (Ff) of 15 and floor levelness (Fl) of 13. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required. After leveling, roughen surface before final set with stiff brushes, brooms, or rakes.
- B. Float Finish: Apply float finish to monolithic slab surfaces to receive trowel finish and other finishes as hereinafter specified; slab surfaces to be covered with membrane or elastic waterproofing, membrane or elastic roofing, or sand-bed terrazzo; and as otherwise indicated.
 1. After screeding, consolidating, and leveling concrete slabs, do not work surface until ready for floating. Begin floating, using float blades or float shoes only, when surface water has disappeared, when concrete has stiffened sufficiently to permit operation of power-driven floats, or both. Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand-floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Check and level surface plane to tolerances of Ff 18 - Fl 15. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Uniformly slope surfaces to drains. Immediately after leveling, refloat

surface to a uniform, smooth, granular texture.
- C. Trowel Finish: Apply trowel finish to monolithic slab surfaces to be exposed to view and slab surfaces to be covered with resilient flooring, carpet, ceramic or quarry tile, paint, or other thin film finish coating system.
 1. After floating, begin first trowel finish operation using a power-driven trowel. Begin final troweling when surface produces a ringing sound as trowel is moved over surface. Consolidate concrete surface by final hand-troweling operation, free of trowel marks, uniform in texture and appearance, and with surface leveled to tolerances of Ff 20 - Fl 17. Grind smooth surface defects that would telegraph through applied floor covering system.
- D. Trowel and Fine Broom Finish: Where ceramic or quarry tile is to be installed with thin-set mortar, apply trowel finish as specified, then immediately follow with slightly scarifying surface by fine brooming.

- E. Nonslip Broom Finish: Apply nonslip broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps, and ramps, and elsewhere as indicated.
1. Immediately after float finishing, slightly roughen concrete surface by brooming with fiber-bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Coordinate required final finish with Architect before application.
 2. After curing, lightly work surface with a steel wire brush, or an abrasive stone, and water to expose nonslip aggregate.
- F. Nonslip Aggregate Finish: Apply nonslip aggregate finish to concrete stair treads, platforms, ramps, sloped walks, and elsewhere as indicated.
1. After completion of float finishing and before starting trowel finish, uniformly spread 25 lbs. of dampened nonslip aggregate per 100 sq. ft. of surface. Tamp aggregate flush with surface using a steel trowel, but do not force below surface. After broadcasting and tamping, apply trowel finishing as herein specified.
 2. After curing, lightly work surface with a steel wire brush, or an abrasive stone, and water to expose nonslip aggregate.
- G. Colored Wear-Resistant Finish: Provide colored wear-resistant finish to monolithic slab surface indicated.
1. Apply dry shake materials for colored wear-resistant finish at rate of 100 lbs. per 100 sq. ft., unless greater amount is recommended by material manufacturer.
 2. Cast a trial slab approximately 10 feet square to determine actual application rate, color, and finish, as acceptable to Architect.
 3. Immediately following first floating operation, uniformly distribute with mechanical spreader approximately 2/3 of required weight of dry shake material over concrete surface, and embed by means of power floating. Follow floating operation with second shake application, uniformly distributing remainder of dry shake material

with overlapping applications to ensure uniform color, and embed by power floating.
 4. After completion of broadcasting and floating, apply trowel finish as herein specified. Cure slab surface with curing compound recommended by dry shake hardener manufacturer. Apply curing compound immediately after final finishing.

3.11 CONCRETE CURING AND PROTECTION:

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. In hot, dry, and windy weather, protect concrete from rapid moisture loss before and during finishing operations with an evaporation-control material. Apply in accordance with manufacturer's instructions after screeding and bull floating, but before power floating and troweling.
- B. Start initial curing as soon as free water has disappeared from concrete surface after placing and finishing. Weather permitting, keep continuously moist for not less than 7 days.
- C. Curing Methods: Perform curing of concrete by curing and sealing compound, by moist curing, by moisture-retaining cover curing, and by combinations thereof, as herein specified.
- D. Provide moisture curing by following methods.
1. Keep concrete surface continuously wet by covering with water.

2. Use continuous water-fog spray.
 3. Cover concrete surface with specified absorptive cover, thoroughly saturate cover with water, and keep continuously wet. Place absorptive cover to provide coverage of concrete surfaces and edges, with 4-inch lap over adjacent absorptive covers.
- E. Provide moisture-cover curing as follows:
1. Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width with sides and ends lapped at least 3 inches and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
- F. Provide curing and sealing compound to exposed interior slabs and to exterior slabs, walks, and curbs as follows:
1. Apply specified curing and sealing compound to concrete slabs as soon as final finishing operations are complete (within 2 hours and after surface water sheen has disappeared). Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller in accordance with manufacturer's directions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within 3 hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.
 2. Use membrane curing compounds that will not affect surfaces to be covered with finish materials applied directly to concrete. Architect to approve use where application of liquid floor hardener, waterproofing, dampproofing, membrane roofing, flooring (such as ceramic or quarry tile, glue-down carpet), painting, and other coatings and finish materials are to be applied.
- G. Curing Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces, by moist curing with forms in place for full curing period or until forms are removed. If forms are removed, continue curing by methods specified above, as applicable.
- H. Curing Unformed Surfaces: Cure unformed surfaces, such as slabs, floor topping, and other flat surfaces, by application of appropriate curing method.
- I. Final cure concrete surfaces to receive liquid floor hardener or finish flooring by use of moisture-retaining cover, unless otherwise directed.
- J. Sealer and Dustproofer: Apply a second coat of specified curing and sealing compound only to surfaces given a first coat.

3.12 REMOVAL OF FORMS:

- A. General: Formwork not supporting weight of concrete, such as sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the work, may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F (10 deg C) for 24 hours after placing concrete, provided concrete is sufficiently hard to not be damaged by form-removal operations, and provided curing and protection operations are maintained.

3.13 REUSE OF FORMS:

- A. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-coating compound as specified for new formwork.
- B. When forms are extended for successive concrete placement, thoroughly clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten forms to close joints. Align and secure joint to avoid

offsets. Do not use "patched" forms for exposed concrete surfaces except as acceptable to Architect.

3.14 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE ITEMS:

- A. Filling In: Fill in holes and openings left in concrete structures for passage of work by other trades, unless otherwise shown or directed, after work of other trades is in place. Mix, place, and cure concrete as herein specified, to blend with in-place construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling shown or required to complete work.
- B. Curbs: Provide monolithic finish to interior curbs by stripping forms while concrete is still green and steel-troweling surfaces to a hard, dense finish with corners, intersections, and terminations slightly rounded.
- C. Equipment Bases and Foundations: Provide machine and equipment bases and foundations, as shown on drawings. Set anchor bolts for machines and equipment to template at correct elevations, complying with certified diagrams or templates of manufacturer furnishing machines and equipment.
- D. Steel Pan Stairs: Provide concrete fill for steel pan stair treads and landings and associated items. Cast-in safety inserts and accessories as shown on drawings. Screed, tamp, and finish concrete surfaces as scheduled.

3.15 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS:

- A. General: No surface shall be patched or repaired until the Architect has reviewed the defective condition and approved the Contractor's submitted repair and/or patching materials and procedures.
- B. Patching Defective Areas: Repair and patch defective areas with cement mortar immediately after removal of forms, when acceptable to Architect.
 - 1. Cut out honeycomb, rock pockets, voids over 1/4 inch in any dimension, and holes left by tie rods and bolts, down to solid concrete but in no case to a depth of less than 1 inch. Make edges of cuts perpendicular to the concrete surface. Thoroughly clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat the area to be patched with specified bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding compound has dried.
 - 2. For exposed-to-view surfaces, blend white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match color surrounding. Provide test areas at inconspicuous location to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike-off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
- C. Repair of Formed Surfaces: Remove and replace concrete having defective surfaces if defects cannot be repaired to satisfaction of Architect. Surface defects, as such, include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycomb, rock pockets, fins and other projections on surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning. Flush out form tie holes, fill with dry-pack mortar, or precast cement cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
 - 1. Repair concealed formed surfaces, where possible, that contain defects that affect the durability of concrete. If defects cannot be repaired, remove and replace concrete.
- D. Repair of Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as monolithic slabs, for smoothness and verify surface plane to tolerances specified for each surface and finish. Correct low and high areas as herein specified. Test unformed surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness by using a template having required slope.
 - 1. Repair finished unformed surfaces that contain defects that affect durability of concrete.

Surface defects, as such, include crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through nonreinforced sections regardless of width, spalling, popouts, honeycomb, rock pockets, and

other objectionable conditions.

2. Correct high areas in unformed surfaces by grinding after concrete has cured at least 14 days.
 3. Correct low areas in unformed surfaces during or immediately after completion of surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching compound. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete. Proprietary underlayment compounds may be used when acceptable to Architect.
 4. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes not exceeding 1 inch in diameter, when acceptable to Architect by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas to sound concrete with clean, square cuts and expose reinforcing steel with at least 3/4-inch clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding compound. Mix patching concrete of same materials to provide concrete of same type or class as original concrete. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
- E. Repair isolated random cracks and single holes not over 1 inch in diameter by dry-pack method when acceptable to Architect. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean of dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding compound. Mix dry-pack, consisting of one part portland cement to 2-1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 mesh sieve, using only enough water as required for handling and placing. Place dry-pack before bonding compound has dried. Compact dry-pack mixture in place and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for not less than 72 hours.
- F. Perform structural repairs with prior approval of Architect or Structural Engineer for method and procedure, using specified epoxy adhesive and mortar.
- G. Repair methods not specified above may be used, subject to acceptance of Architect.

3.16 END OF SECTION 03300.